
	केंद्रीय कर आयुक्त (अपील)	
सत्यमेव जयते	O/O THE COMMISSIONER (APPEALS) CENTRAL TAX,	
वस्तु एवं सेवा कर भवन	GST Building, 7 th Floor,	
सातवीं मंजिल, पॉलिटेक्निक के पास,	Near Polytechnic,	
माम्बावाडी, अहमदाबाद-380015	Ambavadi, Ahmedabad-	
	380015	
☎ 079-26305065		☎ फेक्स : 079-26305136

क फाइल संख्या : File No : **V2/86/GNR/2018-19**

ख अपील आदेश संख्या : Order-In-Appeal No. : **AHM-EXCUS-003-APP-95-18-19**

दिनांक Date : **12-09-2018** जारी करने की तारीख Date of Issue: **22/10/2018**

श्री उमाशंकर आयुक्त (अपील) द्वारा पारित

Passed by **Shri Uma Shanker** Commissioner (Appeals) Ahmedabad

ग अपर आयुक्त, केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क, अहमदाबाद-III आयुक्तालय द्वारा जारी मूल आदेश : AR-1/HMT/Supdt/K/03/17-18 दिनांक : 31-01-2018 से सृजित

Arising out of Order-in-Original: AR-1/HMT/Supdt/K/03/17-18, Date: 31-01-2018 Issued by: Superintendent, CGST, Div: Himmatnagar, Gandhinagar Commissionerate, Ahmedabad.

घ अपीलकर्ता एवं प्रतिवादी का नाम एवं पता

Name & Address of the **Appellant** & Respondent

M/s. Shree Krishna Enterprises

कोई व्यक्ति इस अपील आदेश से असंतोष अनुभव करता है तो वह इस आदेश के प्रति यथास्थिति नीचे बताए गए सक्षम अधिकारी को अपील या पुनरीक्षण आवेदन प्रस्तुत कर सकता है।

Any person aggrieved by this Order-In-Appeal may file an appeal or revision application, as the one may be against such order, to the appropriate authority in the following way :

भारत सरकार का पुनरीक्षण आवेदन :

Revision application to Government of India :

(1) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क अधिनियम, 1994 की धारा अंतर्गत नीचे बताए गए मामलों के बारे में पूर्वोक्त धारा को उप-धारा के प्रथम परन्तुक के अंतर्गत पुनरीक्षण आवेदन अवर सचिव, भारत सरकार, वित्त मंत्रालय, राजस्व विभाग, चौथी मंजिल, जीवन दीप भवन, संसद मार्ग, नई दिल्ली : 110001 को की जानी चाहिए।

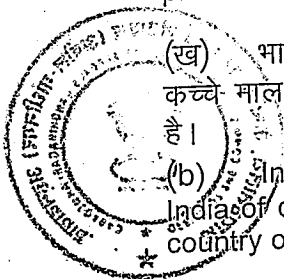
(i) A revision application lies to the Under Secretary, to the Govt. of India, Revision Application Unit Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue, 4th Floor, Jeevan Deep Building, Parliament Street, New Delhi - 110 001 under Section 35EE of the CEA 1944 in respect of the following case, governed by first proviso to sub-section (1) of Section-35 ibid :

(ii) यदि माल की हानि के मामले में जब ऐसी हानि कारखाने से किसी भण्डागार या अन्य कारखाने में या किसी भण्डागार से दूसरे भण्डागार में माल ले जाते हुए मार्ग में, या किसी भण्डागार या भण्डार में चाहे वह किसी कारखाने में या किसी भण्डागार में हो माल की प्रकिया के दौरान हुई हो।

(ii) In case of any loss of goods where the loss occur in transit from a factory to a warehouse or to another factory or from one warehouse to another during the course of processing of the goods in a warehouse or in storage whether in a factory or in a warehouse.

(ख) भारत के बाहर किसी राष्ट्र या प्रदेश में निर्यातित माल पर या माल के विनिर्माण में उपयोग शुल्क कच्चे माल पर उत्पादन शुल्क के रिबेट के मामलों में जो भारत के बाहर किसी राष्ट्र या प्रदेश में निर्यातित

(b) In case of rebate of duty of excise on goods exported to any country or territory outside India of on excisable material used in the manufacture of the goods which are exported to any country or territory outside India.



- (ग) यदि शुल्क का भुगतान किए बिना भारत के बाहर (नेपाल या भूटान को) निर्यात किया गया माल हो।
- (c) In case of goods exported outside India export to Nepal or Bhutan, without payment of duty.

ध अंतिम उत्पादन की उत्पादन शुल्क के भुगतान के लिए जो ड्यूटी क्रेडिट मान्य की गई है और ऐसे आदेश जो इस धारा एवं नियम के मुताबिक आयुक्त, अपील के द्वारा पारित वो समय पर या बाद में वित्त अधिनियम (नं.2) 1998 धारा 109 द्वारा नियुक्त किए गए हो।

(d) Credit of any duty allowed to be utilized towards payment of excise duty on final products. under the provisions of this Act or the Rules made there under and such order is passed by the Commissioner (Appeals) on or after, the date appointed under Sec.109 of the Finance (No.2) Act, 1998.

(1) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क (अपील) नियमावली, 2001 के नियम 9 के अंतर्गत विनिर्दिष्ट प्रपत्र संख्या इए-8 में दो प्रतियों में, प्रेषित आदेश के प्रति आदेश प्रेषित दिनांक से तीन मास के भीतर मूल-आदेश एवं अपील आदेश की दो-दो प्रतियों के साथ उचित आवेदन किया जाना चाहिए। उसके साथ खाता इ. का मुख्यशीर्ष के अंतर्गत धारा 35-इ में निर्धारित फी के भुगतान के सबूत के साथ टीआर-6 चालान की प्रति भी होनी चाहिए।

The above application shall be made in duplicate in Form No. EA-8 as specified under Rule, 9 of Central Excise (Appeals) Rules, 2001 within 3 months from the date on which the order sought to be appealed against is communicated and shall be accompanied by two copies each of the OIO and Order-In-Appeal. It should also be accompanied by a copy of TR-6 Challan evidencing payment of prescribed fee as prescribed under Section 35-EE of CEA, 1944, under Major Head of Account.

(2) रिविजन आवेदन के साथ जहाँ संलग्न रकम एक लाख रुपये या उससे कम हो तो रुपये 200/- की फीस भुगतान की जाए और जहाँ संलग्न रकम एक लाख से ज्यादा हो तो 1000/- की फीस भुगतान की जाए।

The revision application shall be accompanied by a fee of Rs.200/- where the amount involved is Rupees One Lac or less and Rs.1,000/- where the amount involved is more than Rupees One Lac.

सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण के प्रति अपील:-
Appeal to Custom, Excise, & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal.

(1) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क अधिनियम, 1944 की धारा 35- ञबी/35-इ के अंतर्गत:-

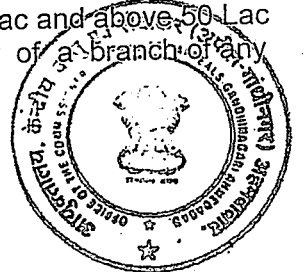
Under Section 35B/ 35E of CEA, 1944 an appeal lies to :-

उक्तलिखित परिच्छेद 2 (1) क में बताए अनुसार के अलावा की अपील, अपीलो के मामले में सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (सिस्टेट) की पश्चिम क्षेत्रीय पीठिका, अहमदाबाद में ओ-20, न्यू मैन्टल हॉस्पिटल कम्पाउण्ड, मेघानी नगर, अहमदाबाद-380016.

To the west regional bench of Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (CESTAT) at O-20, New Metal Hospital Compound, Meghani Nagar, Ahmedabad : 380 016. in case of appeals other than as mentioned in para-2(i) (a) above.

(2) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क (अपील) नियमावली, 2001 की धारा 6 के अंतर्गत प्रपत्र इए-3 में निर्धारित किए अनुसार अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरणों की गई अपील के विरुद्ध अपील किए गए आदेश की चार प्रतियाँ सहित जहाँ उत्पाद शुल्क की मांग, ब्याज की मांग और लगाया गया जुर्माना रूपए 5 लाख या उससे कम है वहां रूपए 1000/- फीस भेजनी होगी। जहाँ उत्पाद शुल्क की मांग, ब्याज की मांग और लगाया गया जुर्माना रूपए 5 लाख या 50 लाख तक हो तो रूपए 5000/- फीस भेजनी होगी। जहाँ उत्पाद शुल्क की मांग, ब्याज की मांग और लगाया गया जुर्माना रूपए 50 लाख या उससे ज्यादा है वहां रूपए 10000/- फीस भेजनी होगी। की फीस सहायक रजिस्टार के नाम से रेखांकित बैंक ड्राफ्ट के रूप में संबंध की जाये। यह ड्राफ्ट उस स्थान के किसी नामित सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र के बैंक की शाखा का हो

The appeal to the Appellate Tribunal shall be filed in quadruplicate in form EA-3 as prescribed under Rule 6 of Central Excise(Appeal) Rules, 2001 and shall be accompanied against (one which at least should be accompanied by a fee of Rs.1,000/-, Rs.5,000/- and Rs.10,000/- where amount of duty / penalty / demand / refund is upto 5 Lac, 5 Lac to 50 Lac and above 50-Lac respectively in the form of crossed bank draft in favour of Asstt. Registrar of the branch of any



nominate public sector bank of the place where the bench of any nominate public sector bank of the place where the bench of the Tribunal is situated

(3) यदि इस आदेश में कई मूल आदेशों का समावेश होता है तो प्रत्येक मूल आदेश के लिए फीस का भुगतान उपर्युक्त ढंग से किया जाना चाहिए इस तथ्य के होते हुए भी कि लिखा पढी कार्य से बचने के लिए यथास्थिति अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण को एक अपील या केन्द्रीय सरकार को एक आवेदन किया जाता है।

In case of the order covers a number of order-in-Original, fee for each O.I.O. should be paid in the aforesaid manner notwithstanding the fact that the one appeal to the Appellate Tribunal or the one application to the Central Govt. As the case may be, is filled to avoid scriptoria work if excising Rs. 1 lacs fee of Rs.100/- for each.

(4) न्यायालय शुल्क अधिनियम 1970 यथा संशोधित की अनुसूची-1 के अंतर्गत निर्धारित किए अनुसार उक्त आवेदन या मूल आदेश यथास्थिति निर्णयन प्राधिकारी के आदेश में से प्रत्येक की एक प्रति पर रु.6.50 पैसे का न्यायालय शुल्क टिकट लगा होना चाहिए।

One copy of application or O.I.O. as the case may be, and the order of the adjournment authority shall bear a court fee stamp of Rs.6.50 paisa as prescribed under scheduled-I item of the court fee Act, 1975 as amended.

(5) इन ओर संबंधित मामलों को नियंत्रण करने वाले नियमों की ओर भी ध्यान आकर्षित किया जाता है जो सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (कार्याविधि) नियम, 1982 में निहित है।

Attention is invited to the rules covering these and other related matter contended in the Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (Procedure) Rules, 1982.

(6) सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय प्राधिकरण (सीस्टेट) के प्रति अपीलों के मामलों में केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क अधिनियम, 1984 की धारा 39फ के अंतर्गत वित्तीय(संख्या-2) अधिनियम 2014(2014 की संख्या 29) दिनांक: 06.08.2014 जो की वित्तीय अधिनियम, 1984 की धारा 63 के अंतर्गत सेवाकर को भी लागू की गई है, द्वारा निश्चित की गई पूर्व-राशि जमा करना अनिवार्य है, बशर्ते कि इस धारा के अंतर्गत जमा की जाने वाली अपेक्षित देय राशि दस करोड़ रूपए से अधिक न हो केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क एवं सेवाकर के अंतर्गत "माँग किए गए शुल्क" में निम्न शामिल है

- (i) धारा 11 डी के अंतर्गत निर्धारित रकम
- (ii) सेनवैट जमा की ली गई गलत राशि
- (iii) सेनवैट जमा नियमावली के नियम 6 के अंतर्गत देय रकम

→ आगे बशर्ते यह कि इस धारा के प्रावधान वित्तीय (सं. 2) अधिनियम, 2014 के आरम्भ से पूर्व किसी अपीलीय प्राधिकारी के समक्ष विचाराधीन स्थगन अर्जी एवं अपील को लागू नहीं होंगे।

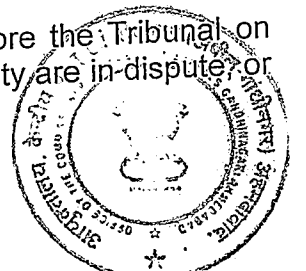
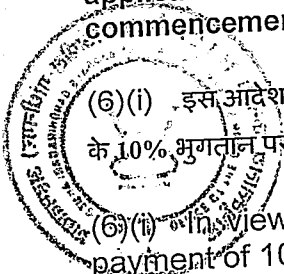
For an appeal to be filed before the CESTAT, it is mandatory to pre-deposit an amount specified under the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2014 (No. 25 of 2014) dated 06.08.2014, under section 35F of the Central Excise Act, 1944 which is also made applicable to Service Tax under section 83 of the Finance Act, 1994 provided the amount of pre-deposit payable would be subject to ceiling of Rs. Ten Crores, Under Central Excise and Service Tax, "Duty demanded" shall include:

- (i) amount determined under Section 11 D;
- (ii) amount of erroneous Cenvat Credit taken;
- (iii) amount payable under Rule 6 of the Cenvat Credit Rules.

→ Provided further that the provisions of this Section shall not apply to the stay application and appeals pending before any appellate authority prior to the commencement of the Finance (No.2) Act, 2014.

(6)(i) इस आदेश के प्रति अपील प्राधिकरण के समक्ष जहाँ शुल्क अथवा शुल्क या दण्ड विवादित हो तो माँग किए गए शुल्क के 10% भुगतान पर और जहाँ केवल दण्ड विवादित हो तब दण्ड के 10% भुगतान पर की जा सकती है।

(6)(ii) In view of above, an appeal against this order shall lie before the Tribunal on payment of 10% of the duty demanded where duty or duty and penalty are in dispute or penalty, where penalty alone is in dispute."



ORDER IN APPEAL

This appeal has been filed M/s. Shree Krishna Enterprise, 7, Sarvoday Bungalows, Gayatri Mandir Road, Mahavirnagar, Himmatnagar, Dist. Sabarkantha, Gujarat [for short – ‘appellant’] against OIO No. AR-1/HMT/Supdt/K/03/17-18 dated 31.1.2018 passed by the Superintendent, AR-I, Himmatnagar CGST Division, Gandhinagar Commissionerate [for short – ‘adjudicating authority’].

2. Briefly, the facts are that a periodical show cause notice dated 3.11.2017 was issued to the aforementioned appellant, for the period from October 2014 to March 2016, *inter alia* alleging that though the appellant was providing services to M/s. Sabar Dairy and various other persons, the appellant had failed to discharge service under Reverse Charge Mechanism. The appellant had entered into contract with M/s. Sabar Dairy as a labour contractor to carry out certain allotted job within stipulated time period as per the terms and conditions laid down in the contract. This notice was adjudicated vide the aforementioned impugned OIO dated 31.1.2018, wherein the adjudicating authority held that the services provided by the appellant to M/s. Sabar Dairy and others were covered within the definition of services as defined under Section 65B(44) of the Finance Act, 1994; that the appellant provided labour to M/s. Sarbar Dairy; that the appellant was financially reimbursed for the same in terms of the contract. The adjudicating authority therefore, confirmed the demand along with interest and further imposed penalty on the appellant under section 76 of the Finance Act, 1994.

3. Feeling aggrieved, the appellant has filed this appeal on the grounds:

- that the adjudicating authority erred in holding that the services provided by the appellant for the period from 1.10.2014 to 31.3.2016 as taxable services in terms of the provisions of section 65B(44) of the Finance Act, 1994;
- that in terms of section 66D(f) the appellant was not liable to pay service tax in respect of the services provided to the Dairy;
- that the adjudicating authority erred in not following the judgement in the case of M/s. Vinayak Industries [23 CCHST 0544];

4. Personal hearing in the matter was held on 7.9.2018, wherein Shri Ajith P Sandesara, CA, appeared on behalf of the appellant and reiterated the grounds of appeal. He further informed that the appeal was filed late and that the earlier OIA was also against them.

5. On going through the appeal, I find that the appellant in form ST-4 has stated that they had received the impugned OIO dated 31.1.2018 on 15.2.2018. In terms of Section 85(3A) of the Finance Act, 1994, every appeal has to be filed within two months from the date of receipt of the order/decision against which the said appeal, is being filed. The proviso to this section, however, grants power of condonation to the Commissioner(A) subject to the condition that [a] he is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from presenting the appeal and [b] it is presented within a further period of one month.



Section 85. Appeals to the [Commissioner] of Central Excise (Appeals). —

[(3A) An appeal shall be presented within two months from the date of receipt of the decision or order of such adjudicating authority, made on and after the Finance Bill, 2012 receives the assent of the President, relating to service tax, interest or penalty under this Chapter :

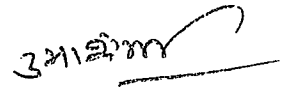
Provided that the Commissioner of Central Excise (Appeals) may, if he is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from presenting the appeal within the aforesaid period of two months, allow it to be presented within a further period of one month.]

The appellant, with the appeal papers, has also attached a condonation request, wherein the grounds, seeking condonation, are as follows:

- that the copy of the OIO was submitted with Sabar Dairy for considering the future course of action;
- in the month of March, the management of Sabar Dairy, advised the appellant to prefer an appeal by engaging a counsel; however, since the appellant was busy in finalization of accounts, they could not contact the counsel in March, 2018;
- in April, they met the counsel, provided the documents and the counsel asked for the date of receipt of the impugned OIO, which since they did not have, they obtained from the adjudicating authority, who informed that the OIO was served on 3.2.2018;
- that the appeal papers were received from the Counsel on 1.5.2018, but since the appellant was on a religious tour, could not file it;
- that when he realized it in June, 2018, that an appeal was still not filed, he signed the appeal papers and submitted it to the Counsel for further submission to the Appellate Commissionerate.

None of the reasons given above appear to show that the appellant was prevented by a sufficient cause from filing an appeal. However, even for using my discretion of granting the condonation, the appeal should have been filed latest by 1.5.2018 [which date again is in dispute since in the condonation application, the appellant states that the adjudicating authority informed him that as per records, the OIO was served on 3.2.2018]. Hence, I reject the appeal on limitation. I am however, constrained to hold, that the appellant exhibited a callous attitude in dealing with the process of filing the appeal. Further, as was already informed by the appellant during the personal hearing, I have earlier decided the appellant's issued vide my OIA No. AHM-EXCUS-003-APP-63 to 64-17-18 dated 24.7.2017.

6. In view of the foregoing, the appeal filed by the appellant is rejected on limitation.
7. अपीलकर्ता द्वारा दर्ज की गई अपील का निपटारा उपरोक्त तरीके से किया जाता है।
7. The appeal filed by the appellant stands disposed of in above terms.

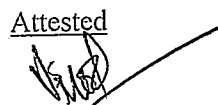


(उमा शंकर)

केन्द्रीय कर आयुक्त (अपील्स)

Date : .09.2018

Attested


(Vined Lukose)
Superintendent,
Central Tax(Appeals),
Ahmedabad.



By RPAD.

To,

M/s. Shree Krishna Enterprise,
7, Sarvoday Bungalows,
Gayatri Mandir Road,
Mahavirnagar,
Himmatnagar,
Dist. Sabarkantha, Gujarat

Copy to:-

1. The Chief Commissioner, Central Tax, Ahmedabad Zone .
2. The Commissioner, Central Tax, Gandhinagar Commissionerate.
3. The Deputy/Assistant Commissioner, Central Tax, Division Himmatnagar, Gandhinagar Commissionerate.
4. The Additional Commissioner, System, Central Tax, Gandhinagar Commissionerate.
- ✓ 5. Guard File.
6. P.A.

